Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

School Officials June 30, 2024

Board Members:

Megann Murphy	Member
Audrey Schuller	
Alisha Nielsen	
Mallory McIntire	Member
Norm Koehlmoos	
Laura Crooks	Member
Michelle Prins	Member
Arend Schuurman	Member
Lisa Lauterhahn	Member
Chris Verhoek	Member
Jon Kahnke	Member
Tara Abraham	Member
Audrey Rider	Member
Greg Bich	Member
Michelle Kooima	Member
Carrie Schiernbeck	Member
Lana Sand	Member
Jayme Trystad	Member
Lisa Amdahl	Member
Art Berger, Jr	Member
Penny Thyen	Member
Martin Looyenga	Member
Tia Felberg	Member
Natalie Remund	Member
Andrea Powell	Director
Tiffany Stormo	Business Manager

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	1-2
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on	
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	3-5
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	6
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	7-8
Corrective Action Plan (Unaudited)	9
Independent Auditor's Report	10-12
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of	
Net Position	_
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances to the Statement of Activities	18
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	_
Statement of Changes in Net Position	20
Notes to the Financial Statements	21-37
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Fund – Budgetary Basis	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
Schedule of the Cooperative Contributions to Pension	43
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of the Proportionate	
Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of Pension Contributions	44
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	46-47



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201 Hayti, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative (Cooperative), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompany Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2024-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Cooperative's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Cooperative's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Cooperative's response to the findings identified in our audit. The Cooperative's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Cooperative's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Elk Point, South Dakota October 21, 2024

E10 Ry LRC



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201 Hayti, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Northeast Educational Services Cooperative, Hayti, South Dakota (Cooperative) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of The Cooperative's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Cooperative's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Cooperative and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Cooperative's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grants agreements applicable to the Cooperative's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Cooperative's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk is not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Cooperative's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Cooperative's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain and understanding of Cooperative's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.

Elk Point, South Dakota

C10 Pof LLC

October 21, 2024

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Findings – Financial Statement Audit

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2023-001 - Lack of Segregation of Duties

<u>Analysis</u>: Lack of segregation of duties could adversely affect the School's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with management assertions.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201's officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues, expenditures, and payroll and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever possible and practical.

Current Status: This finding is repeated

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Section I - Summary of Audito	r's Resi	ults		
Financial Statements:					
Type of auditor's report issued	:	Unmo	odified		
Internal control over financial Material weakness identifie			_yes	x	_no
Significant deficiencies ider considered to be material v		X	_yes		_no
Noncompliance material to	financial statements noted?		_yes	x	_no
Federal Awards:					
Internal control over major pro	ogram:				
Material weakness identifie	ed:		_yes	x	_no
Significant deficiencies ider considered to be material v			_yes	x	_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued program:	d on compliance for major	Unmo	odified		
Any audit findings disclosed th accordance with Uniform Guid	at are required to be reported in ance 2 CFR 200.516:	n 	_yes	X	_no
Identification of major progra	m:				
CFDA Number	Name	of Fede	ral Progra	ım	
84.027 84.173	Special Education - Grants to S Special Education - Preschool				
Dollar threshold used to disting B programs:	guish between type A and type	\$	750,000	_	
Auditee qualifed as low-risk au	ditee?	¥	ves		no

Schedule of Current Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2024-001 - Lack of Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u>: A good system of internal controls contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to is completion.

<u>Condition</u>: Northeast Education Services Cooperative No. 28-201 has limited number of office personnel, and accordingly, does not have adequate internal accounting controls in revenue, expenditures, and payroll functions because of lack of segregation of duties. This is a continuing audit comment.

<u>Cause</u>: Northeast Education Services Cooperative No. 28-201 has insufficient number of staff to adequately separate duties.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result, misappropriation of assets and errors could occur in the financial reporting process and not detected.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend a high level of awareness be maintained by management to assist in preventing, detecting, or correcting matters that may arise due to this internal control weakness. We recommend that management attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever possible and practical.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Dues to staff size, it is not deemed feasible to adequately segregate duties. However, we are aware of this internal control weakness and intend to provide continuous monitoring in an effort to prevent, detect, or correct matters that may result.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no findings or questioned costs relating to the federal award programs which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CRF 200.156(a).

Office of the Business Manager P.O. Box 327 Phone: 605-783-3607 Hayti, SD 57745

Corrective Action Plan (Unaudited)

Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201, respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

ELO Prof. LLC 1101 W Main Elk Point, SD 57025

Northeast Educational Services Cooperative has considered the lack of segregation of duties. At this time, it is not cost effective for Northeast Educational Services Cooperative to hire the additional staff needed to achieve segregation of duties. Alternate procedures have been implemented by Northeast Educational Services Cooperative to decrease the likelihood that financial data is adversely affected.

The Northeast Educational Services Cooperative's Board will continue to monitor the necessity to have segregation of duties and implement such segregation as budget dollars and board authority allow.



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201 Hayti, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201, South Dakota (Cooperative) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cooperative's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201 as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standard applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Cooperative and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Cooperative's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Cooperative's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Pension Schedules and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Northeast Educational Services Coop's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Cooperative has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2024, on our consideration of the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative No. 28-201's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Elk Point, South Dakota

E10 Pay LAC

October 21, 2024

Statement of Net Position – Government-Wide June 30, 2024

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,338,624
Certificate of deposit	86,382
Accounts receivable	65,661
Inventories	33,468
Due from other governments	517,579
Pension asset	11,540
Capital assets:	
Land	1,451
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	412,420
Total Assets	2,467,125
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension-related deferred outflows	1,005,601
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	99,765
Accrued wages and benefits payable	378,465
Unearned revenue	189,491
Total Liabilities	667,721
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Pension related deferred inflows	582,077
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	582,077
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	413,871
Restricted for:	
Special education	1,183,168
SDRS pension purposes	435,064
Unrestricted	190,825
Total Net Position	\$ 2,222,928

Statement of Activities – Government-Wide June 30, 2024

						-	penses) Revenues Changes in Net Position
			Prograi			Prima	ary Government
			arges for	-	rating Grants	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	:	Services	and	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 1,307,128	\$	876,247	\$		\$	(430,881)
Support services	4,104,072				2,237,570		(1,866,502)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,411,200	\$	876,247	\$	2,237,570		(2,297,383)
		Gen	eral Revenue	s:			
			Revenue fro	om Stat	e Sources:		
			State aid	d			170,672
			Other				36,615
			Unrestricte	d invest	ment earnings		5,910
			Other gene	ral reve	nues		1,999,574
			Total Ge	eneral R	Revenues		2,212,771
			Change	in Net	Position		(84,612)
			Net Position	ı - Begir	nning of Year		2,307,540
			Net Posit	ion - Er	nd of Year	\$	2,222,928

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General		Special Education	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	216,961	\$	1,121,663	\$	1,338,624
Certificates of Deposits				86,382		86,382
Accounts receivable		63,347		2,314		65,661
Due from other governments				517,579		517,579
Inventory - materials and supplies		186		33,282		33,468
Total Assets	\$	280,494	\$	1,761,220	\$	2,041,714
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	6,372	\$	93,393	\$	99,765
Contracts payable	·	, 	·	330,872	•	330,872
Payroll deductions and withholding and				,-		,-
employer matching payable				47,593		47,593
Unearned Revenue		83,297		106,194		189,491
Total Liabilities		89,669		578,052		667,721
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable inventory		186		33,282		33,468
Restricted for special education:				1,149,886		1,149,886
Assigned for unemployment:		831				831
Unassigned		189,808				189,808
Total Fund Balances		190,825		1,183,168		1,373,993
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	280,494	\$	1,761,220	\$	2,041,714

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,373,993
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	11,540
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of these assets, net of depreciation, is:	413,871
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,005,601
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(582,077)
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,222,928

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General	Spe Educ		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues		General	Luuc	ation		ruiius
Revenue from Local Sources:						
Tuition and Fees:						
Regular day school tution	\$		\$ 87	76,247	\$	876,247
Earnings on Investment and Deposits:	Y	619	γ 07	5,291	Y	5,910
Other Revenue from Local Sources:		015		3,231		3,310
Other		329,393	1 66	58,299		1,997,692
Revenue from State Sources:		323,333	1,00	00,233		1,337,032
Grants-in-Aid:						
Unrestricted grants-in-aid			17	70,672		170,672
Other state revenue				36,615		36,615
Revenue from Federal Sources:				00,013		30,013
Grants-in-Aid:						
Restricted grants-in-aid received from						
_			2.22	7 570		2 227 570
federal government through the state Total Revenues	\$	330,012		37,570 94,694	\$	2,237,570 5,324,706
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	330,012	Ş 4,33	74,054	<u>پ</u>	3,324,700
Expenditures						
Instructional Services:						
Programs for special education	\$		\$ 1,32	25,545	\$	1,325,545
Support Services:						
Pupils:						
Psychological			90	00,806		900,806
Speech pathology			1,29	93,947		1,293,947
Student therapy services			86	57,698		867,698
Instructional Staff:						
Improvement of instruction			12	27,806		127,806
Educational media		7,481	7	75,631		83,112
General Administration:						
Board of education		12,143	g	97,356		109,499
Executive administration		30,114	30	04,343		334,457
Business:						
Fiscal services		9,923	10	00,511		110,434
Operation and maintenance of plant		119,772	2	22,068		141,840
Student transportation		8,091				8,091
Debt Service						
Capital Outlay		87,150				87,150
Total Expenditures		274,674	5,11	15,711		5,390,385
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In			9	50,000		50,000
Transfers Out		(50,000)				(50,000)
Sale of surplus property		603				603
Compensation for Loss of						
General Capital Assets		1,279				1,279
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(48,118)		50,000		1,882
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,220	(7	71,017)		(63,797)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		183,605	1,25	54,185		1,437,790
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 1,18		_	

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (63,797)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents capital outlays which are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements but the costs of the assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives.	87,150
This amount represents the current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities which is not reported on the fund financial statements because it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(74,490)
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	(33,475)
governmentarianas.	(33,473)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (84,612)

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

		stodial unds
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,702
Total Assets	\$	2,702
Liabilities: No Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	
Net Position: Restricted for Flex		2,702
	-	2,702
Total Net Position	\$	2,702

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds		
Additions:			
Flex Revenues	\$	7,900	
Total Additions		7,900	
Deductions:			
Flex Expenses		12,829	
Total Deductions		12,829	
Change in Net Position		(4,929)	
Net Position - Beginning		7,631	
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,702	

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accounting policies of the Cooperative conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Northeast Educational Services Cooperative, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Northeast Educational Service Cooperative is a joint venture that is composed of twenty-five school districts. The Cooperative was formed for the purpose of assisting the member school districts in providing appropriate educational services for all children and to offer, on a cooperative fee assessment basis, services that the member School districts would not be able to provide as effectively or as economically acting alone. Assessments are made based on each member school district's enrollment as listed in the State of South Dakota-Division of Education-Educational Directory. The members of the Cooperative and their relative percentage participation are as follows:

Arlington School District No. 38-1	3%	Florence School District No. 14-1	3%
Britton-Hecla School District No. 45-4	6%	Hamlin School District No. 28-3	7%
Castlewood School District No. 28-1	4%	Henry School District No. 14-2	4%
Clark School District No. 12-2	5%	Iroquois School District No. 2-3	3%
De Smet School District No. 38-2	4%	Lake Preston School District No. 38-3	2%
Deubrook School District No. 5-6	4%	Oldham Ramona Rutland School District No. 39-5	3%
Deuel School District No. 19-4	6%	Rosholt School District No. 54-5	3%
Elkton School District No. 5-3	4%	Webster Area School District No. 18-5	5%
Enemy Swim Day School	3%	Sioux Valley School District No. 5-5	10%
Estelline School District No. 28-2	4%	Summit School District No. 54-6	3%
Waubay School District No. 18-3	2%	Willow Lake School District No. 12-3	3%
Waverly School District No. 14-5	5%	Wilmot School District No. 54-7	4%

The governing board is composed of one representative from each member school district, who is a school board member of the member school district. The governing board is responsible for adopting the cooperative's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for the fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or service.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net Positions are displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Cooperative's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the organization or it meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The funds of the Cooperative's financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the Cooperative, excluding special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the member school districts. This fund is financed by grants and assessments charged to member school districts. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The Cooperative maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for flex accounts, and so on.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests), and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period for the Cooperative is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2024, are amounts due from other governments.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized when due.

All fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pool, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months; and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

e. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

The Cooperative has borrowed no money for construction of fixed assets. Should the Cooperative borrow funds for construction of fixed assets, interest costs incurred during construction of general capital assets will not be capitalized along with other capital assets costs.

Depreciation/Amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation/amortization is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which individual asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Depreciation/				
	•	italization reshold	Amortization Method	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	'-	ALL	NA	NA	
Buildings	\$	25,000	Straight-line	25-50 Years	

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

f. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties' other than the Cooperative's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

Charges for Services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

Program Revenues – Operating Grants and Contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the use in a particular program.

Program Revenues – Capital Grants and Contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

g. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments of (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

h. Application of Net Position:

It is the Cooperative's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

i. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Cooperative classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted: includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purpose which are externally imposed by the providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u>: includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u>: includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The Cooperative uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending Additionally, the Government would first use *committed*, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Government does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

j. <u>Pensions</u>:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

2. Deposits and Investments:

The Cooperative follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The Cooperative's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA", or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits School funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2024, the Cooperative's investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the Cooperative, as discussed above. The Cooperative has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the Cooperative's deposits may not be returned to it. The Cooperative does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, the Cooperative's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – The risk that, in the event of the counterparty to a transaction, the Cooperative will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Cooperative does not have deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, the Cooperative's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk – The Cooperative does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund of the fund making the investment. The Cooperative's policy is to credit all income from investments to the Fund making the investment.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

3. Receivables and Payables:

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The Cooperative expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. Inventory:

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is the first in, first out (FIFO) method.

In the government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by Nonspendable Fund Balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

5. Changes in Capital Assets:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2023 Increases		creases	Decreases		Balance 30/2024	
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,451	\$		\$		 1,451
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,451					1,451
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		58,849					58,849
Equipment		751,608		87,150		10,200	 828,558
Total capital assets being depreciated		810,457		87,150		10,200	887,407
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		21,186		1,177			22,363
Equipment		389,511		73,313		10,200	 452,624
Total accumulated depreciation		410,697		74,490		10,200	474,987
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	399,760		12,660			 412,420
Net Capital Assets	\$	401,211	\$	12,660	\$		\$ 413,871

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

5. Changes in Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activites:

Support services \$ 74,490

Total Depreciation Expense \$ 74,490

6. Restricted Net Position:

Restricted Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Purpose	Restricted By	Amount
Major Purposes:		
Special Education	Law	\$ 1,183,168
SDRS Pension Purposes	Law	435,064
Total		\$ 1,618,232

7. Risk Management:

The Cooperative is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2024, the Cooperative managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The Cooperative joined the Northern Plains Insurance Pool. This is a risk pool currently operative as a common risk management and insurance program for local government entities. The Cooperative pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases coverage from either Sanford Health Plan or DAKOTACARE Administrative Services with the premiums it receives from the members.

The coverage includes the option of three different plans with a deductible from \$2,000 to \$4,000.

The Cooperative does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

7. Risk Management: (Continued)

Liability Insurance:

The Cooperative purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public official from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the last three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The Cooperative purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The Cooperative has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting in claims for unemployment benefits.

The Cooperative has assigned fund balance in the amount of \$831 in the General Fund for the payment of future unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, no claims for unemployment benefits were paid. At June 30, 2024, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

8. Pension Plan:

a. Plan Information:

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vest after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering, and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

b. Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plan: (Continued)

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plan: (Continued)

c. Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The Cooperative's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, were:

Year	 Amount			
2024	\$ 201,398			
2023	182,981			
2022	173,857			

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2023, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension (asset). The proportionate share of the components of the net pension (asset) of the South Dakota Retirement System, for the Cooperative as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2023 and reported by the Cooperative as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 1	7,132,926
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	1	7,144,466
Proportionate share of net pension (asset)	\$	(11,540)
. , ,		

At June 30, 2024, the Cooperative reported an (asset) of (\$11,540) for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Cooperative's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2023, the School's proportion was 0.1182340%, which is an increase of 0.0010556% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plan: (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized a change of pension expense of \$33,475. At June 30, 2024, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	327,112	\$		
Changes in assumption		394,542		576,733	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		76,829			
Changes in proportion and difference between School District					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,720		5,344	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		201,398			
Total	\$	1,005,601	\$	582,077	

\$201,398 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from Cooperative contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2025	\$ 156,669
2026	(175,525)
2027	224,189
2028	 16,793
Total	\$ 222,126

e. Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation
	rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%.
Future COLAs	1.91%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plan: (Continued)

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010 Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65 Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year

until 111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2022.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plan: (Continued)

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	56.3%	3.8%
Investment Grade Debt	22.8%	1.7%
High Yield Debt	7.0%	2.7%
Real Estate	12.0%	3.5%
Cash	1.9%	0.8%
Total	100.0%	12.5%

f. <u>Discount Rate</u>:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

g. Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Cooperative's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the Cooperative's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate			L% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the		_		_		_		
net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,365,329	\$	(11,540)	\$	(1,955,366)		

h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

9. Significant Contingencies - Litigation:

As of June 30, 2024, The Cooperative was not involved in any litigation.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information –
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis
June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Fir	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	 mounts	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Revenue from Local Sources:						
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	\$ 325	\$	325	\$ 619	\$	294
Other Revenue from Local Sources:						
Services provided from other LEAs	74,760		74,760			(74,760)
Other	 360,314		360,314	329,393		(30,921)
Total Revenues	\$ 435,399	\$	435,399	\$ 330,012	\$	(105,387)
Expenditures						
Instructional Services:						
Regular Programs:						
Elementary programs	\$ 3,628	\$	3,628	\$ 	\$	3,628
Support Services:						
Support Services - Instructional Staff:						
Improvement of Instruction	74,760		74,760			74,760
Educational Media	8,425		8,425	7,481		944
Support Services - General Administration:						
Board of education	14,891		14,891	12,143		2,748
Executive administration	35,000		35,000	30,114		4,886
Support Services - Business:						
Fiscal services	10,549		10,549	9,923		626
Operation and maintenance of plant	275,146		275,146	206,922		68,224
Student transportation	 13,000		13,000	 8,091		4,909
Total Expenditures	435,399		435,399	274,674		160,725
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers Out				(50,000)		(50,000)
Sale of surplus property				603		603
Compensation for loss of general						
capital asset				1,279		1,279
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(48,118)		(48,118)
Net Change in Fund Balances				7,220		7,220
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 183,605		183,605	 183,605		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 183,605	\$	183,605	\$ 190,825	\$	7,220

Required Supplementary Information –
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Fund – Budgetary Basis
June 30, 2024

				Variance with Final Budget
		Amounts	Actual	Positive
_	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Tuition and Fees:	4 4 074 064	4 4 074 064	Ġ 076 247	d (100 C17)
Regular day school tuition	\$ 1,074,864	\$ 1,074,864	\$ 876,247	\$ (198,617)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits Other Revenue from Local Sources:	1,700	1,700	5,291	3,591
Other Other	1,696,650	1,696,650	1,668,299	(28,351)
Revenue from State Sources:	1,030,030	2,030,030	1,000,233	(23,331)
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	170,672	170,672	170,672	
Other state revenue	44,500	44,500	36,615	(7,885)
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted grants-in-aid received from				
federal government through the state	2,213,603	2,213,603	2,237,570	23,967
Total Revenues	\$ 5,201,989	\$ 5,201,989	\$ 4,994,694	\$ (207,295)
Expenditures				
Instructional Services:				
Special Programs:				
Programs for special education	\$ 1,534,691	\$ 1,534,691	\$ 1,325,545	\$ 209,146
Support Services:				
Pupils:				
Psychological	1,011,572	1,011,572	900,806	110,766
Speech pathology	1,336,232	1,336,232	1,293,947	42,285
Student therapy services	933,208	933,208	867,698	65,510
Support Services - Instructional Staff:	,		221,222	55,5=5
Improvement of instruction	173,172	173,172	127,806	45,366
Educational media	85,182	85,182	75,631	9,551
	83,182	85,182	73,031	9,331
Support Services - General Administration:	120 224	120 224	07.256	22.070
Board of education	120,234	120,234	97,356	22,878
Executive administration	353,889	353,889	304,343	49,546
Support Services - Business:				
Fiscal services	106,659	106,659	100,511	6,148
Operation and maintenance of plant	47,151	47,151	22,068	25,083
Total Expenditures	5,701,990	5,701,990	5,115,711	586,279
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(450,001)	(450,001)	(71,017)	378,984
_			, , ,	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year Fund Balance, End of Year	1,254,185 \$ 804,184	\$ 804,184	1,254,185 1,183,168	\$ 378,984
runu balance, Enu or Tedi	<i>γ</i> 004,104	004,104	1,103,108	۶ 3/0,904

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this financial statement.

Notes To the Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Cooperative follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the Board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except Fiduciary funds.
- 6. After adoption by the Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted except as indicated in number (8).
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total School budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the Board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.
- 11. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Note 2 – GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
South Dakota Retirement System

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1182340%	0.1213020%	0.1162620%	0.1171784%	0.1174857%	0.1202797%	0.1228020%	0.1217707%	0.1272067%	0.1354982%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (11,540)	\$ (11,464)	\$ (890,368)	\$ (5,089)	\$ (12,450)	\$ (2,805)	\$ (11,144)	\$ 411,329	\$ (539,520)	\$ (976,209)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,049,678	\$ 2,896,519	\$ 2,638,345	\$ 2,570,154	\$ 2,498,930	\$ 2,500,492	\$ 2,495,081	\$ 2,315,467	\$ 2,322,423	\$ 2,366,977
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.38%	0.40%	33.75%	0.20%	0.50%	0.11%	0.45%	17.76%	23.23%	41.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	100.10%	100.10%	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

Note: The information disclosed for each fiscal year is reported as of the measurement date of the net pension liability (asset) which is June 30 of the preceding year.

Schedule of the Cooperative Contributions to Pension South Dakota Retirement System

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 201,398	\$ 182,981	\$ 173,857	\$ 158,301	\$ 154,210	\$ 149,908	\$ 150,030	\$ 149,705	\$ 138,928	\$ 139,346
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	201,398	182,981	173,857	158,301	154,210	149,908	150,030	149,705	138,928	139,346
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,356,616	\$ 3,049,678	\$ 2,896,519	\$ 2,638,345	\$ 2,570,154	\$ 2,498,930	\$ 2,500,492	\$ 2,495,081	\$ 2,315,467	\$ 2,322,423
Contributions as a percentage of employee-covered payroll	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and
Schedule of Pension Contributions
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2022. Actuarial Valuation. In addition, two changes in actuarial methods have been implemented since the prior valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2023 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and emergency medical services personnel prospectively became Class B Public Safety members.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2022) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. For the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 2.10%.

As of June 30, 2023, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. The July 2024 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.91%. For this June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.91%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education: Pass through the S.D. Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster: (Note 3)				
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	H027A180091	\$ 2,178,976	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	H173A180091	58,594	
Total Special Education Cluster				2,237,570
Grand Total				\$ 2,237,570

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
June 30, 2024 (Continued)

1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Cooperative under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Cooperative.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Cooperative has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Major Federal Financial Assistance Program:

This represents a Major Federal Financial Assistance Program.